

# Program Document HTBOK

#### PD 6103

# HTBoK-004/PL-2 REV. A

Issued: 05-MAY-14

Revised: 26-Jan-17

Superseding: 05-MAY-14

## **BODY OF KNOWLEDGE:**

**ROLE DESCRIPTION: PYROMETRY CALIBRATION AND TEST PLANNER** 

**SPECIAL PROCESS:** Pyrometry

**METHOD:** Performance of Pyrometric Requirements for Thermal Processing

Equipment

All PRI Qualification<sup>SM</sup> program examinations are created using the applicable PRI Qualification<sup>SM</sup> program Body of Knowledge (BoK), which defines the baseline knowledge and experience required to be considered competent to perform the specified job role in aerospace special process manufacturing.

All BoKs are created by subject matter experts who participate in the PRI Qualification<sup>SM</sup> Body of Knowledge Review Boards. All BoKs are updated periodically according to the latest revision of PRI Qualification<sup>SM</sup> program documentation (PD6100: Industry Managed Special Process Bodies of Knowledge) to ensure consistency with current industry practice.

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

This document has been created by the PRI Qualification<sup>SM</sup> program Heat Treating Body of Knowledge Review Board (HT BoKRB) according to the requirements of PD6100.

This document consitutes the PRI Qualification<sup>SM</sup> program BoK for Pyrometry Calibration and Test, Planner. It defines the baseline knowledge and experience required to be considered competent to perform this role.

Unless otherwise stated, the HT BoKRB has followed guidelines as detailed in the current revision of International Aerospace Quality Group (IAQG) Guidance PCAP 001 (Competence Management Guideline) to develop this BoK.

The information in this BoK will provide guidance for the following:

- Training providers who wish to develop training courses intended to support PRI Qualification<sup>SM</sup> program examination candidate preparation
- Heat Treat Examination Review Board (HT-ERB) for the development of PRI Qualification<sup>SM</sup> program examinations
- Candidates taking PRI Qualification<sup>SM</sup> program examinations who wish to prepare in advance

#### 2. REFERENCES

PRI Qualification<sup>SM</sup> program documents:

PD6000 Governance & Administration of PRI Qualification<sup>SM</sup> Program
PD6100 Industry Managed Special Process Bodies of Knowledge
PD6200 Industry Managed Special Process Examinations System

IAQG documents:

IAQG Guidance PCAP 001 Competence Management Guideline

#### 3. **DEFINITIONS**

Definitions described within are specific to the Special Process BoK. For program-specific definitions, please refer to either the PD 6000 or the PRI Qualification<sup>SM</sup> Dictionary.

BODY OF KNOWLEDGE (BoK): Baseline knowledge and experience required to be considered competent for a target position.

GENERAL EXAMINATION: The General Examination is designed to ascertain the candidate's general knowledge required for a particular job, role or activity. All of the questions will be derived from the corresponding BoK.

EXPERIENCE: The accumulation of knowledge or skill that results from direct participation in events or activities over a period of time.

IN-HOUSE (or IN-SOURCING): Keeping responsibility and control of key or critical processes inside an organization by using available internal resources in-house control (in-sourcing) is often preferred to ensure compliance of critical with specific customer or statutory requirements – the opposite of out-sourcing

KNOWLEDGE: Information / understanding acquired over a period of time. Information acquired through study and retained over that period of time (education, training, experience etc.) The combination of data and information, to which is added expert opinion, skills and experience, to result in a valuable asset which can be used to aid decision making and problem solving.

LEVEL: A class or division of a group based on education, training and experience. There are 3 levels: Operator/Technician, Planner and Planner. Please refer to the current revision of PD 6000 for definitions of these levels.

METHOD: A well-defined division of a SPECIAL PROCESS widely recognised by industry. A specific area of a special process for example anodizing within Chemical Processing

NON-SPECIAL PROCESS RELATED REQUIREMENTS: Miscellaneous requirements such as Health and Safety, Environmental, etc.

OUT-SOURCED: is the contracting out of a business process to a third-party (external) supplier. It relates to both product and services

PERSONAL ATTRIBUTES: A quality or characteristic expected and required for a particular job, role or activity.

PRACTICAL EXAMINATION: The Practical Examination shall consist of a demonstration of proficiency in performing tasks that are typical of those to be accomplished in the performance of the candidate's duties. The examination content is derived from the corresponding BoK.

SERVICE PROVIDER: A company or individual that provides a service or product. Service provider is generally used to refer to external or outsourced (third party) suppliers of services and product although large organizations may have Internal Service Providers for example IT.

Examples may include Instrument calibration, Periodic Tests (TUS, SAT), analysis or testing which is outside the capability of internal resources. Service providers may also be suppliers of goods for example thermocouples pure gases etc.

SKILL: Ability to perform a particular task. The quality of being able to do something that is acquired or developed through training or experience.

SPECIFIC EXAMINATION: The Specific Examination shall cover requirements and use of the specifications, codes, equipment, operating procedures and test techniques the candidate may use in the performance of his/her duties with the employer. Examination content will be derived from the corresponding BoK where applicable.

WEIGHTING: The "weighting" of each line item, using a scale of 1, 3, 7, 10, (1 being least important; 10 being most important) indicates the relative importance of that aspect of the BoK and will determine the likelihood and frequency of a question on that topic appearing in the examination

#### 4. GUIDANCE TO EXAMINATION CANDIDATES

All PRI Qualification<sup>SM</sup> program examination candidates are recommended to read all documents referenced in section 2 of this document.

As stated in PRI Qualification<sup>SM</sup> program document PD6200, every exam question shall relate directly to and be derived from the information as detailed in the current revision of the BoK.

Re-assessment of candidates to this BoK is required every 5 years, unless otherwise specified.

Candidates are therefore advised to ensure familiarity with all aspects of the BoK as detailed in Table 1. This can be done through:

- Self-study
- · Completion of internal training
- Completion of external training (a list of Approved Training Providers can be found at <a href="https://p-r-i.org/">https://p-r-i.org/</a>)

Records of all qualified personnel shall be maintained and include:

- Date of Qualification
- · Results of Written Exam
- Results of Practical Exam (if applicable)
- Summary of Experience

## 5. LEVELS

		Level				
Descriptors	Operator (OP) / Technician (T)	Planner (PL)	Process Owner (OW)			
	For descriptions, please refer to current version of PD6000	For descriptions, please refer to current version of PD6000	For descriptions, please refer to current version of PD6000.			
Pyrometry Specific Criteria	Basic understanding of Heat Treating processes, Pyrometry Testing and Calibration.  Authorized to performing Temperature Uniformity Surveys, System Accuracy Tests, Calibrations of Controlling, Monitoring and Recording Instruments.  Responsible for reporting results of Pyrometry Tests and Calibrations, and capable of detecting non-conforming results.	In addition to knowing the roles of the Operator, the Planner:  Provides work instructions/procedures for Pyrometry Tests and Calibrations performed by the Operator.  Provides forms for recording the results of Pyrometry Tests and Calibrations.  Maintains records of Pyrometry Tests and Calibrations.  Is authorized to define, assign or perform actions related to Pyrometry Test and Calibrations results.	In addition to knowing the roles of the Operator and Planner, the Owner:  Manages, oversees and trains Planners and Operators.  Approves Pyrometry Test and Calibration work instructions/procedures.  Approves Purchase Orders for performing Pyrometry Test and Calibrations.  Is authorized to review and approve Pyrometry Tests and Calibration results.  Approves actions taken by Planner or Operator related to Pyrometry Test and Calibration results.  Is responsible for the conformance of heat treating equipment to customer requirements and			
Technical Knowledge	Basic knowledge of the special process, its main processes, methods and tools.	Good level of knowledge in all aspects of the special process, all its processes, methods and tools.  Ability to coach others on contents and methods in the context of their workplace.	High or extensive knowledge in all aspects of the special process, all its processes, methods and tools to assess and validate improvements.  Able to contribute to set externally recognized standards.  Ability to define contents and methods for using knowledge effectively in influencing and developing international processes. Ability to influence the process with one's knowledge.			
Experience	Sufficient experience to deal with recurrent activity.	Has enough experience to deal with unforeseen issues.	Wide proven experience of the subject. Is recognized specialist within the special process.			
Personal Attributes	Takes into consideration behavioral characteristics such as but not limited to: team working, communication, direction and purpose, innovation and problem solving, mutual trust and respect, confidentiality and trustworthiness.					
Skills	Describes the activities necess Knowledge	ary to perform each level of job functi	on to comply with the Body of			
Non-Special Process						
Related Requirements    (1) Important to be aware that the special process provider is ultimately responsible for the compliance of his						

<sup>(1)</sup> Important to be aware that the special process provider is ultimately responsible for the compliance of his Pyrometry Service Providers compliance

## 6. TABLE 1

ROLE DESCRIPTION: PYROMETRY CALIBRATION AND TEST PLANNER SPECIAL PROCESS: PYROMETRY

METHOD: Performance of Pyrometric Requirements for Thermal Processing Equipment REFERENCE GUIDELINES: All Paragraph references are applicable to AMS2750 (latest rev) unless otherwise identified. Addendum 1 is a list of the international Standards and Reference Documents applicable to Pyrometry processes.

Row	COMPETENCE			
#		Weight (1,3,7,10)	Exam Type Written / Practical	Reference Guidelines (See description above)
	KNOWLEDGE:			
	The basic knowledge of the special processes, methods and tools			
2	GENERAL KNOWLEDGE: Aerospace Quality Systems and compliance	7	W	AS9100
_	Aerospace Quality Systems and compliance	,	**	AC7102/8 2.1; 8.0
3	Full and complete understanding of Internal Work Instructions as well as Industry Standards (see Addendum 1 of this document)	7	W	AC7102/8 2.1; 8.0
4	The importance of an effective Root Cause and Corrective Action system and how the analysis is conducted	7	W	AMS2750 3.4.5.4, 3.4.5.5, 3.5.16.1 AC7102/8 2.1; 8.0
5	Tools and techniques to identify non-conformance and respond to non-conformance, root cause and 'risk management'	10	W	AMS2750 4.2 AS9100 AC7102/8 2.1; 8.0
6	Safety compliance requirements as applicable	7	W	ISO14001 & OHSAS 18001
7	Understand the importance of temperature sensors, instrumentation, thermal processing equipment, system accuracy tests, and temperature uniformity surveys	10	W	AMS2750 AC7102/8 1 2.1; 8.0
8	The importance of traceability of calibration to NIST or equivalent agencies	7	W	AMS 2750 3.1.2.2.6, 3.2 AC7102/8 2.1; 8.0
9	The need for clear and accurate 'flow down' of requirements for compliance including customer specific requirements – applies to all services from external sources including Calibration where outsourced	7	W	AMS2750 4.1
10	SENSORS (THERMOCOUPLES)	_		
11	Sensor types and proper applications	7	W	AMS2750 3.1, Table 1 AC7102/8 3.0
12	Temperature range recommendations, atmosphere effects, construction, and usage restrictions	7	W	AMS2750 3.1.1.4 AC7102/8 3.0
13	Recalibration, reuse, salvage and replacement requirements and how compliance with those requirements is controlled and documented.	7	W	AMS2750 3.1.3 AC7102/8 3.0
14	Extension wires and proper connections and of wireless transmitters	7	W	AMS2750 3.1.1.5, 3.1.1.5.1 AC7102/8 3.0
15	Sensor calibration and reporting requirements taking into account the statement in AMS2750 that the thermocouple calibration intervals are the maximum permitted and that the calibration source must assure that the supplier and/or calibration source planning and procedures control calibration intervals to prevent excessive drift under conditions of exposure for the equipment under their pyrometric control.	7	W	AMS2750 3.1.2 AC7102/8 3.0
16	Thermocouple failures and subsequent actions	7	W	AMS2750 3.1.2.3 AC7102/8 3.0
17	How correction factors are used and when they are required.	7	W	AMS2750 3.4.5.1, 3.5.16, 3.5.17.1.1 AC7102/8 3.10, 6.7.2
18	INSTRUMENTATION:			
19	Test instrumentation hierarchy	7	W	AMS2750 Table 3 AC7102/8 4.1.2
20	Test instrumentation calibration and reporting requirements	7	W	AMS2750 3.2, Table 3 AC7102/8 4.1.2
21	Understanding that all Test Instruments must be digital and in compliance with AMS 2750 or other specifications if these are more stringent	7	W	AMS2750 3.2.2, Table 3 AC7102/8 4.1.1
22	Instrument Sensitivity	7	W	AMS2750 2.2.58, Table 3 AC7102/8 4.2.3
23	Controlling, monitoring and recording instrumentation calibration and reporting requirements	7	W	AMS2750 Table 3 AC7102/8 4.2.2
24	When and how offset may be used when allowed.	7	W	AMS2750 3.2.4, Fig 6, 3.4.5.6, Table 6, Table 7

				AC7102/9 6 6
25	Resolution requirements for chart recorders (Analog chart recording instruments)	7	W	AC7102/8 6.6 AMS2750 Table 4
	Tresolation requirements for sharr resolation (initially charries or all grant resolating metalling metall	·	•••	AC7102/8 4.3
26	Software (Electronic Program Control and Data Acquisition)	7	W	AMS2750 3.2.7.1.2 AC7102/8 4.3
27	The difference between Analog and Digital instrument requirements	7	W	AMS2750 Table 3 AC7102/8 4.3
28	THERMAL PROCESSING EQUIPMENT:			7.67.102/0 110
29	Understand how to distinguish Furnace Class and Instrumentation Type and how these establish the requirements for SAT and TUS frequencies	10	W	AMS2750 3.3, Tables 6 to 9 AC7102/8 4.4
30	Understand different types of Thermal Processing Equipment including ovens, furnaces, quench baths and refrigeration equipment, etc. and their basic function and usage	7	W	AMS2750 3.3.1 to 3.3.6.1 AC7102/8 4.4
31	SYSTEM ACCURACY TESTS			
32	Understand how to perform a System Accuracy Test (SAT)	7	W	AMS2750 3.4 AC7102/8 5.0
33	How an SAT is performed to assure the accuracy of the furnace control and recording system in each control zone and of any other sensors required for a particular Instrumentation Type.	7	W	AMS2750 3.4; 3.4.1; 3.4.2 AC7102/8 5.1; 5.3
34	Equipment maintenance actions (replacement of a sensor or instrument, adjustment of an instrument, etc.) that will require an SAT in addition to periodic requirements.	7	W	AMS2750 3.4.2.1 AC7102/8 5.3.3
35	Understanding of the requirements for relative location of the SAT sensor to the sensor being checked and how that is verified for the particular equipment configuration.	7	W	AMS2750 3.4.5.2
36	How to maintain the records that must be included in the System Accuracy Test report	7	W	AMS2750 3.4.8, 3.7 AC7102/8 5.4.2
37	How a Preventive Maintenance Program can impact SAT interval	7	W	AMS2750 3.4.3 AC7102/8 5.3.2
38	The limitations to use of resident thermocouples for SAT, including limitations to use of base metal thermocouples, non-expendable thermocouples and the requirement that resident thermocouples be a different wire type than the thermocouple being checked.	7	W	AMS2750 3.4.5.2.1 AC7102/8 5.5
39	The differences in furnace test interval requirements for processing parts vs. raw material	7	W	AMS2750 Tables 6 and 7 AC7102/8 5.3.2
40	How Periodic SAT shall be performed in accordance with the interval shown in applicable specification.	10	W	AMS2750 3.4 AC7102/8 5.3
41	How to perform the SAT difference calculations, including application of correction factors and offsets when required, and to compare the results to specification requirements	10	W	AMS2750 3.4.5.3, Figure 6 AC7102/8 5.4.1
42	The requirements for customer operations that use or plan to use Alternate SAT or SAT Waiver	7	w	AMS2750 3.4.6; 3.4.7 AC7102/8 5.2, 5.4.3
43	TEMPERATURE UNIFORMITY SURVEYS:			
44	How to perform a Temperature Uniformity Survey (TUS) and understanding of why it is important	7	W	AMS2750 3.5 AC7102/8 6.0
45	Qualified operating temperature ranges and the selection of appropriate test temperatures,	7	W	AMS2750 3.5.5, 3.5.6 AC7102/8 6.1.3, 6.3, 6.4
46	The difference between modifications and repairs and which maintenance actions will require a new Initial TUS to be performed.	7	W	AMS2750 3.5.3, 3.5.4 AC7102/8 6.1.2
47	How a Preventive Maintenance Program can impact TUS interval	7	W	AMS2750 3.5.7.1, Tables 8 and 9
48	The difference in furnace test interval requirements for processing parts vs. raw material	7	W	AMS2750 3.5.7, Table 8 and 9 AC7102/8 6.4.3
49	How an Initial TUS shall be performed in accordance with stringent customer requirements.	10	W	AMS2750 3.5.5 AC7102/8 6.3
50	How Periodic TUS shall be performed in accordance with the interval shown in applicable specification.	10	W	AMS2750 3.5.6 AC7102/8 6.4.3
51	TUS Data Collection recording and evaluation	7	W	AMS2750 3.5.13.3 AC7102/8 6.5
52	The requirements for number and location of thermocouples in order to determine planning requirements for the equipment being tested.	7	W	AMS2750 3.5.14.1 AC7102/8 6.2.6
53	How to select TUS parameters that reflect the normal operation of the equipment in production	10	W	AMS2750 3.5.8, 3.5.10 AC7102/8 6.2.4
54	How changes to TUS parameters will result in the need to perform a new initial TUS as well as loss of extended interval status	7	W	AMS2750 3.5.8, 3.5.10 AC7102/8 6.2.2, 6.2.4
55	The requirements for a successful survey and the actions to be taken in the event of survey failure	7	w	AMS2750 3.5.17 AC7102/8 6.7.3, 6.7.4
56	The difference in TUS setup based on furnace design.  • Atmosphere  • Vacuum	7	w	AMS2750 3.5.8; 3.5.13; 3.5.14, 3.5.15 AC7102/8 6.0
	• vacuum			A01 102/0 0.0

	E-torch			
	Salt bath/Fluid Bed			
	Continuous			
	Batch			
57	The requirements for data collection and the differences in Data Collection	7	147	AMS2750 3.5.13.3; 3.5.14.4;
	method depending on furnace design and reporting requirements	7	W	3.5.15.1; 3.5.15.2, 3.5.21.1 AC7102/8 6.0
58	Where solution treatment of Aluminum Alloys using furnaces with heating			AMS2750 3.5.23
30	elements in the walls is performed, knowledge and understanding of the	10	w	AW02700 0.5.20
	requirement for radiation surveys			
59	The specific requirements for pyrometry testing of laboratory furnaces	7	w	AMS2750 3.6
		'	**	AC7102/8 7.1, 7.2
	SKILLS:			
	The skills required to perform a particular special process task			
60	READ AND UNDERSTAND WRITTEN INSTRUCTIONS:			
61	Ability to understand specification requirements and customer flow-down	7	W	General Industry
	requirements			AC7102/8 2.1; 2.1.1; 8.0
62	Develop testing or calibration schedule to comply with customer requirements	7	W	General Industry
63	Develop practices to appure energians are in compliance with calibration CAT	_	w	AC7102/8 2.1; 2.1.1; 8.0 AMS2750
03	Develop practices to ensure operations are in compliance with calibration, SAT and TUS requirements	7	VV	AC7102/8 2.1; 2.1.1; 8.0
64	Instrumentation and Equipment Handling Skills and Safety Practices			7.57 102/0 2.1, 2.1.1, 0.0
65	Able to review and assess equipment technical data and determine its compliance	7	w	AMS2750 Table 3, 3.2
00	to Pyrometry specification (add Tech Sheet(s) for test)	7	**	AC7102/8 2.1; 2.1.1; 8.0
	Able to determine conformance to instrument requirements			
	Able to determine acceptability for controlling, monitoring and recording			
	instruments, field instruments and secondary instruments			
66	Ability to review requirements and establish instrumentation, satisfying	7	W	AMS2750 3.3.2
	instrumentation type.			AC7102/8 2.1; 2.1.1; 8.0
67	Review, Analyze/Evaluate and Report the data and Establish Appropriate			
68	Action Report and analyze SAT Data	7	w	AMS2750 3.4.5
00	Nepoli and analyze SAT Data	<b>'</b>	VV	AC7102/8 5.4
69	Report and analyze TUS Data	7	w	AMS2750 3.5.16, 3.5.17, 3.5.21
		-		AC7102/8 6.7
70	Report and analyze Calibration Data	7	W	AMS2750 Table 1 & Table 3
				AC7102/8 4.2
71	Material-Specific Requirements	7	W	AMS2750 3.5.23
72	Take responsibility for ensuring compliance of procedures and processes with	7	W	AMS2750 4.1
73	Customer specific requirements  Preventive Maintenance:			AS9100
		_		AMO0750 0 4 4 0 5 4 0 5 7 4
74	Knowledge and understanding of the Preventive Maintenance Program	7	W	AMS2750 3.4.4, 3.5.4, 3.5.7.1
	Sequencing			
75	Has an appropriate understanding of where this process falls in the sequence of	10	W	
	events.			
	PERSONAL ATTRIBUTES:  Are statements that will enable judgment of the person's personal attributes.			
76	Are statements that will enable judgment of the person's personal attributes  Train and mentor			General Industry
77	Overall responsibility and planning authority on site level pyrometry activities			AMS2750
78	Writing work instructions and procedures and align them to the top level quality			AS9100
	requirements			
79	Responsible review and signatory authority			AS9100
80	Responsible for documenting an on-going plan for pyrometry compliance at site			AMS2750
0.4	level.			100100
81	Responsible for conducting periodic self-audits			AS9100
82	Responsible for continuous preventative maintenance plan Responsible for conducting internal personal qualification exam in order to comply			AS9100 PRI Qualification
03	with HT BoK ERB requirements			FIXI Qualification
84	Responsible for timely notification of calibration intervals			AMS2750
85	Good communicator at all levels			
	EXPERIENCE:			
	Are the minimum experience requirement expected to demonstrate their			
	competence.			
	NOTE: ARP 1962 (Aerospace Recommended Practice -Training and Approval of			
	Heat-Treating Personnel) requires that suppliers have a documented personnel			
	training program including documented training to an established outline and initial and periodic evaluation of competency.			
	While it does not specifically address pyrometry, it does speak to planning.			
	Trails it about not oppositionly address pyromotry, it does speak to plaining.			

	The following are recommendations and would be superseded by the supplier's			
	specific documented program. The supplier program may define alternative			
	criteria, waivers and equivalences.			
86	Education			
87	As determined by supplier's procedures	5		
	Recommended minimum - High School Graduate / GED			
88	Recommended Minimum Classroom Training			
89	Paperwork – 40 hours	7		ARP1962 Table 1
	Test, Inspection, Maintenance – 40 hours			
90	Recommended Minimum On-the-Job-Training			
91	There is no specific minimum requirement but documentation of training in the	5		ARP1962 Table 2
	functions being performed is required.			3.3.2
92	Testing and Evaluation			
93	Initial and periodic evaluation of personnel is required. The type of frequency of	10		ARP1962 3.3.1.4
	the evaluation shall be determined by the company employing the individual,			
	except that each individual shall be evaluated at least every 5 years. This shall be			
	defined in the formal written program. Evaluation may consist of any combination			
	of written or oral examination or testing, structured checklist review, employee			
	performance appraisal, company employee specific audit program or other			
	appropriate methodology defined in the formal written program.			
	NON-SPECIAL PROCESS RELATED REQUIREMENTS:			
	Defined within these rolls are other general or pre-requisite needed			
94	Must have a thorough understanding of general Quality Systems (AS9100) or	7	W	AS9100
	equivalent			
95	Must have a thorough understanding of customer specific requirements	7	W	General Industry
96	Must have a thorough understanding of Control of Non-Conformance for	7	W	ISO9001
	equipment and product including Containment, Customer notification and			AS9100
	disposition			4.1 / 4.2

# 7. DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

REVISION DATE	SUMMARY
3 October 2014	Editorial change to formatting and definitions
3 June 2015	Name change from Pyrometry Service In-House to Pyrometry Service Processor
8 February 2016	Name change from Pyrometry Service Out-Sourced to Pyrometry Process
17 June 2016	Editorial change made to update BoK with new template revisions
26 January 2017	Reworded Pyrometry Specific Criteria – all levels
	Removed 'Knowledge and understanding of' from all line items
	Removed 'Knowledge of' from all line items
	Added ARP 1962 to Addendum 1
4 December 2019	Editorial revision to update program name from eQualified to PRI Qualification <sup>SM.</sup>

# ADDENDUM 1

# LIST OF INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS & REFERENCE DOCUMENTS FOR PYROMETRY

SPECIAL PROCESS	DOCUMENT TITLE	DOCUMENT NUMBER
Heat Treating	Nadcap Audit Criteria for Heat Treating Pyrometry	AC7102/8
Pyrometry	Pyrometry	AMS2750
Training	Training And Approval of Heat-Treating Personnel	ARP1962
Quality	Quality Management Systems - Requirements for Aviation, Space and Defense Organizations	AS9100
Quality	Quality Standards	ISO9001